

TONOPAH DAILY BONANZA

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WORLD'S BIGGEST BATTLE

ONE of these days we will begin to hear particulars of what the Associated Press epitomized as "What seems the greatest battle of the war" is in process of development. Then the strategy of General Foch will become to be understood as strictly in line with the suggestion of General Pershing that the allies keep hammering all along the line without giving the enemy a chance to reorganize or to transfer reinforcements from one point to another. The morale of the German army has been badly shattered and the trained soldiers of the kaiser unmoved by the incessant onslaughts which are conducted with such vigor and strength that there is not a show for a respite. There is no longer any talk of bringing up shock troops for the shock troops and reserves are all in active service fighting a hopeless rear guard action and doing their best to stem the tide of defeat. Foch is dealing death blows in every direction and his assaults are so well calculated that the human element in the attacking force is carefully conserved. The reports of yesterday's fighting go to show that the Germans have suffered enormous losses with an abnormal list of fatalities resulting from carrying out orders to resist to the death. Under the circumstances there cannot be any deliberate withdrawal of troops with the allies at the heels of the fugitive army and the only way to gain time is to establish suicide brigades on the line of approach. The fighting on this particular sector has been going on for a week but it has been only since Wednesday that the situation became desperate for the Hindenburg following. In this connection it is well to observe that reports of the engagement fail to mention either of the crown princes who have probably been sent back to Berlin for their own safety.

LEGIONS OF FEDERAL EMPLOYEES

THE army of the United States has grown at a formidable rate during the last year, but not much faster than the brigade of civilian employees, says the Boston Herald. The shipping program, the taking of the railroads and wires, and the week-by-week expansion of governmental functions have combined to make public employees of several hundred thousand voters who were formerly in private service.

This is one aspect of the government-ownership problem which has not had, from public opinion, the consideration it deserves. Uncle Sam is probably the world's largest employer of labor. Even before the war the country had frequent occasion to see how political pressure could be brought to bear on congress and on the executive departments by relatively small groups of workers in the government printing plant, by postmen and by employees in arsenals or navy yards. The voting strength of the federal employees has been multiplied ten or twenty fold.

What will be the outcome when the war ends? Probably the return of peace will find this great array of men quite anxious to continue with the government as their employer. And no wonder. They are getting all they ask in the way of higher wages and more indulgent discipline. They are not likely, therefore, to be enthusiastic for a return to the old regime. The public is bearing the burden in higher prices and restricted service but its sentiment will not easily crystallize when things become normal again. For good or ill, we are creating a giant political octopus with which no public man may now dare to trifle. Now is the time to look these facts in the face and to realize their true significance.

VETERINARY PROGRESS

WE are now to have the brayless mule. A person who has spent any considerable time in Missouri or any other mule-infested land—and from this we do not attempt to exclude our own vociferous little mountain canaries—can full realize the remarkable victory achieved by the Portland (Or.) veterinarians who have succeeded in eliminating the bray from the long-eared hybrid. Those western animal surgeons selected the mule with the loudest bray in the state of Oregon and removed the cartilaginous wall in his nose, having studied the formation and functions carefully and having decided that humanity, as well as the mule, could get along without it. Several hours after the effect of the anesthetic passed away the mule attempted to indulge in his loud, harsh cry, but he hadn't a bit of success. The amended noise was very much like a whisper, the removal of the wall having frustrated all vibrations.

So we find our affection for the veterinarians growing, in the hope that they will not weary in well-doing. We are now hopeful that that body of men with those keen and glittering blades will soon render our prowling tomtoms mute and give us a crowless rooster so that our slumbers in the city may be undisturbed as are those in the rural districts blessed with the brayless mule.

General Byng is repeating his past success when he delivered the first effective attack on the German lines two years ago by introducing the Hun to the perambulating battleships now known as tanks. He has the big bang style of doing things before the atrocious Hun can find himself he will be back of Brussels hiking for the tall timbers of the Rhine.

This is the time for the department of justice to get a wiggle on itself by making short shift of the hoodlums and embezzlers who got away with the bulk of the \$650,000,000 appropriated for the airplane service. The federal prisons are not so overtaxed that they cannot take in a few profiteers.

meant next Christmas for that big feed to which he invited his friends. The Bonanza suggests the battle would be the most appropriate place.

Wait for the next time the whistles blow. It will be for the Sammys and their French confederates on the Vesle where they have been preparing another one of their incomparable surprises.

The kaiser will have to revise his engagement book by taking off a lot of those dates he made for dinners in Paris. Perhaps he

Walter C. Lamb Replies To Victor Barndt

Walter C. Lamb, candidate for the Republican nomination for the office of United States senator, in reply to the letter of Victor Barndt, published on August 14th in the Tonopah Bonanza, has called attention to the actions and votes of Congressman Roberts in a letter to the editor of the Bonanza. In complimenting the big business interests of the United States in so unselfishly devoting themselves to the winning of the war, Mr. Lamb says: "In the light of the fine spirit of patriotism shown by the big business men of the country who overtaxed their abilities in taking government bonds and in offering their sons for military service, saying nothing of the thousands who have given their expert services to the government, a man of event Mr. Barndt's generous disposition should find it hard to condone such expressions. At all events, let us hear no more of Mr. Roberts' 'Voting for conscription'."

"If Mr. Roberts is supporting the government now, he is no different from thousands of other eleven-hour converts, but the American people prefer to pin their faith to those who were RIGHT FROM THE BEGINNING."

Mr. Lamb's complete letter to the editor of the Bonanza is as follows: Reno, Nevada, Aug. 21, 1918.

The Editor of the Tonopah Bonanza: My attention has been called to certain correspondence between W. T. McNeil of Reno and Victor Barndt of Tonopah, published in your paper in the issue of August 14th.

I believe it would be serious injustice to wrongfully impugn the patriotism or integrity of Mr. Barndt, whom I have known for many years and respected as a man possessing both the qualities referred to.

It is equally true that it is a serious injustice to the people of Nevada for any man, whether his motive be overzealous friendship, or otherwise, to attempt to mislead them in reference to the record of their congressman, who now seeks PROMOTION to the highest office in the state.

A careful reading of Mr. Barndt's adroit defense of Congressman Roberts makes it impossible to escape the conclusion that he has been too busy to carefully review the congressman's record; otherwise his letter could not be defended against the charge of conscious deception, of which no one would accuse him.

Mr. Barndt admits that he disapproves of Mr. Roberts' vote against war, but defends it by saying the congressman "was obsessed with horror at the thought of sacrificing our boys." Is it possible Mr. Barndt does not know that Mr. Roberts loudly clamored for war with Mexico, and in speeches in Nevada openly applied the epithet of "coward" to President Wilson for not plunging the nation into war at that time? Where was his tender compassion for "our boys" at the time he urged war with Mexico?

There may have been good reason for avoiding the war with Mexico, but every full-blooded patriot in America knew that war with Germany was unavoidable if we were to face the rest of the world as anything other than a nation of cowards. Had not Germany repeatedly insulted and defied us, killed our women and children, spurned our righteous demands, ignored our international rights, and contemptuously spat upon our protests?

Mr. Barndt's failure to refer to Mr. Roberts' vote on the villainous McLemore resolution suggests that he was too engrossed with business affairs to inform himself regarding this transaction.



BEN D. LUCE
of Nye County

Candidate for nomination on the Democratic ticket for

GOVERNOR

Subject to the decision of voters at the Primary Election Tuesday, September 3, 1918

Mr. Barndt, therefore, will perhaps be pleased to learn that the McLemore resolution was a German scheme to prevent American people from leaving home ports on peaceful missions of commerce, the indirect purpose being to stop the shipment of American goods to enemies of Germany, a right never denied in international law. Germany herself has always asserted this right, and exercised it in shipping munitions and other goods to Mexico at the time our fleet was at Vera Cruz. Yet Congressman Roberts voted to keep our people and goods at home, and thereby bowed the knee of cowardice before the brutal demand of the Kaiser and his agents in America. What can be said in defense of a man making the slightest pretense to the qualifications of statesmanship who would thus yield his country's right in response to an arrogant German bluff? If Mr. Barndt can read the full record of this infamous surrender without indignation and shame at the conduct of Mr. Roberts, he is less of an American patriot than I gave him credit for being.

Does Mr. Barndt know that, in spite of our protests and appeals, Germany pursued a policy of piracy against our peaceful shipping, and murdered our helpless men, women and children without mercy, making it necessary for us at last to arm our ships in self-defense? Has he never heard that when the bill to "supply merchant ships" of the United States "with defensive arms" (H. R. 21052) came up in the house, Mr. Roberts by his vote supported the Cooper amendment, which provided that no ships supplied with defensive arms "shall carry cargo consisting in whole or in part of arms or ammunition." (Page 10788, Congressional Record).

This was only one of a series of indirect, criminal schemes of Ger-

many, fostered and financed by Von Bernstorff and his clique of spies and agents, and designed to keep France, England and Italy from obtaining American munitions, food or other supplies. And it is now a well known fact that had Germany succeeded in bluffing these measures through our congress, THE PRUSSIAN MILITARY AUTOCRATS WOULD HAVE CONQUERED FRANCE AND ENGLAND LONG AGO, and doubtless we should now be engaged single-handed in the war with Germany. Every reader of Germany's designs during the last thirty years knows her main purpose was to conquer the western hemisphere. Her bold attempt to break into our war with Spain when Admiral Dewey was insulted at Manila by the German admiral was her first attempt to engage America for purpose of conquest. And Mr. Barndt, who so enthusiastically endorses Congressman Roberts' record, should know that had it not been for the protection afforded us at that time by the English fleet, we should have been in war with Germany then, when our total lack of preparation would have made defense against thoroughly prepared Germany a most dangerous matter.

Does Mr. Barndt know, notwithstanding the protection afforded the United States at that time by England and the security we have enjoyed during this war from the English fleet, that Mr. Roberts found it possible in his speech against entering the war with Germany to say boldly and shamelessly:

"All crowned heads look alike to me, and I do not want to sleep with any of them, whether it be the Kaiser, the Mikado, JOHN BULL, or even the Sultan of Turkey. ***

"I want to tell you that every man, woman and child in this country would applaud if we would take BOTH JOHN BULL AND THE KAISER AND RCMP THEIR ROYAL NOODLES TOGETHER."

If Mr. Barndt can approve the ignorance of history involved in the expression of this statement, or the low vulgarity of style in which it is couched, particularly remembering that the speech was made on the eve of the greatest crisis this coun-

(Continued on Page Three.)

"ALL FOR OUR COUNTRY"

Defend Nevada's Honor Against the Un-American Votes of Congressman Roberts Against War



Let Us Show the Nation That Nevada--Savior of The Union In '64--Is Always Loyal

Walter C. Lamb

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR

United States Senator

To Vindicate the Reputation of Nevada against the suspicion of disloyalty and lack of patriotism caused by the work and votes of Congressman Roberts against the war policies of President Wilson and our Government. Let all loyal Nevadans remember

THE MOTTO OF OUR BATTLE-BORN STATE

"ALL FOR OUR COUNTRY"

IN THIS CRISIS BE SURE TO REGISTER

SAM PICKETT

of Washoe County

Candidate for Nomination on the Democratic Ticket for

GOVERNOR

Subject to the Decision of Voters at the Primary Election, Tuesday, September 3, 1918

W. J. DOUGLASS

ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY ON THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET FOR

COUNTY COMMISSIONER

(Long Term)

SUBJECT TO THE RATIFICATION AT THE PRIMARIES, SEPTEMBER 3, 1918

CHAS. J. (Chick) BROWN

ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY FOR THE NOMINATION OF THE

OFFICE OF JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

(Tonopah Township)

AT THE PRIMARY ELECTION, SEPTEMBER 3, 1918

L. E. GLASS

ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY FOR THE NOMINATION FOR

CLERK AND TREASURER

ON THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET, SUBJECT TO THE PRIMARIES TO BE HELD ON THE 3rd DAY OF SEPTEMBER

W. J. TOBIN

ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY FOR THE REPUBLICAN NOMINATION FOR THE ASSEMBLY AT THE COMING PRIMARY ELECTION

MRS. JENNIE A. CURIEUX

ANNOUNCES HER CANDIDACY ON THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET FOR COUNTY AUDITOR AND RECORDER SUBJECT TO RATIFICATION AT THE PRIMARY ELECTION

CHARLES L. SLAVIN

ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY FOR THE NOMINATION FOR SHERIFF OF NYE COUNTY ON THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET, SUBJECT TO THE PRIMARIES TO BE HELD ON THE 3rd DAY OF SEPTEMBER

FRANK J. CAVANAUGH

ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY FOR THE NOMINATION FOR THE OFFICE OF JUSTICE OF THE PEACE (Tonopah Township) AT THE PRIMARY ELECTION, SEPTEMBER 3, 1918

ADELE MAYBERRY

ANNOUNCES HER CANDIDACY FOR THE REPUBLICAN NOMINATION FOR THE ASSEMBLY AT THE COMING PRIMARY ELECTION

JOHN BARRIER

ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY FOR THE NOMINATION FOR SHERIFF OF NYE COUNTY ON THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET, SUBJECT TO THE PRIMARIES TO BE HELD ON THE 3rd DAY OF SEPTEMBER

CHAS. F. WITTENBERG

ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY ON THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER (For the Long Term) SUBJECT TO RATIFICATION AT THE PRIMARY ELECTION

HARRY McNAMARA

ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY FOR THE REPUBLICAN NOMINATION FOR THE ASSEMBLY AT THE COMING PRIMARY ELECTION

ARTHUR S. PUTNEY

ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY FOR THE REPUBLICAN NOMINATION FOR THE OFFICE OF COUNTY COMMISSIONER (Short Term) AT THE COMING PRIMARY ELECTION

HARRY R. GRIER

ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY FOR THE NON-PARTISAN NOMINATION FOR THE OFFICE OF JUSTICE OF THE PEACE (Tonopah Township) AT THE PRIMARY ELECTION, SEPTEMBER 3, 1918

R. B. DAVIS

ANNOUNCES HIS CANDIDACY ON THE REPUBLICAN TICKET FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER (Short Term) SUBJECT TO THE RATIFICATION AT THE PRIMARIES, SEPTEMBER 3, 1918

WILLIAM KEARNEY

OF WASHOE COUNTY

CANDIDATE FOR NOMINATION ON THE REPUBLICAN TICKET FOR

GOVERNOR

SUBJECT TO THE DECISION OF VOTERS AT THE PRIMARY ELECTION TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1918

CHARLES ROBLEY EVANS

CANDIDATE FOR NOMINATION ON THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET FOR

Representative in Congress

SUBJECT TO THE DECISION OF VOTERS AT THE PRIMARY ELECTION TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1918

To the Voters of Nevada:

I take this means of announcing my candidacy for the office of

United States Senator from Nevada

subject to the action of the Democratic primary

Charles B. Henderson